7 Full-Length California CAASPP

English Language Arts (ELA) Practice Tests

A Complete Guide to Building Mastery and Excelling on the English Test

Grade 8



Practice Master Achieve

Reza Nazari

7 Full Length California CAASPP Grade 8 English Language Arts (ELA) Practice Tests:

Proven Practice With Detailed

1. Start with focus
2. Compare ideas
3. Infer carefully
4. Revise clearly
5. Explain with evidence
6. Build stamina
7. Finish strong

Step by step, skill by skill.

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Smart Practice

The Difference Between Busy and Better.

Busy practice fills time. Better practice changes you. The quiet truth: the thirty minutes after a test matters more than the ninety minutes of the test itself. That is where real learning lives — in the review, not the rep. Here is what separates a score plateau from a score climb:

✓ Six Moves That Raise Real Scores

1. **Simulate the pressure.** One seat, one timer, no phone, no interruptions. Stamina is its own skill and you can only train it by using it.
2. **Preview the questions, then attack the passage.** Skim the question stems first. That turns reading from passive intake into a directed search.
3. **Annotate with purpose.** Circle transitions (*however*, *therefore*, *in contrast*). Bracket claims. Underline evidence. These marks become your map back to the answer.
4. **Do a miss audit after every test.** Sort your wrong answers into four piles: *knowledge gap*, *careless misread*, *time pressure*, *trap answer*. Each one demands a different fix.
5. **Upgrade one skill per week.** Pick one weakness — inference, vocabulary in context, claim-and-evidence writing — and make it the focus. Narrow practice beats broad review.
6. **Protect sleep like it is part of the test.** Working memory, focus, and stamina all collapse on less than seven hours. You cannot out-study exhaustion.

⋆ The Rewrite Habit

After each test, pick one short response and rewrite it — cleaner claim, tighter evidence, sharper analysis. Do this just three times across this book and your writing will visibly level up. The rewrite, not the first draft, is where eighth-grade writing becomes high-school-ready.

The Big Day

Your Test Day Playbook.

Calm is a skill. This is how to bring it with you.

◯ The Night Before

- Pack everything tonight. Pencils, eraser, water, ID, approved calculator if needed.
- Do light review only — a single short passage. No new material. No all-nighter.
- Eat something familiar. Tonight is not the night to experiment with anything new.
- Phone out of the room an hour before bed. Protect your sleep like it is part of the grade.

◯ The Morning Of

- Eat protein and complex carbs. Skip the sugar spike — the crash comes during the test.
- Move your body for five minutes. Walk, stretch, shake out your hands. Lower the nerves.
- Arrive early enough to settle, not so early that waiting builds up pressure.
- At the door, four slow breaths: *in for four, hold for four, out for six.* It works.

Use the passage "Why Cities Are Planting More Trees" to answer this question.

8) Which sentence best summarizes the passage?

(A) Cities plant trees because buildings create too much shade.
(B) Urban trees cool neighborhoods, support environmental health, and improve daily life, but those benefits depend on thoughtful planting and maintenance.
(C) Storm water is the only reason cities value trees.
(D) Urban forests are useful only in summer.

Read the story and the poem. Then answer questions 9–19.

The Last Seat on the Bus

1 When Mateo stepped onto the evening bus after intense debate practice had ended, only one seat remained open on the crowded vehicle. It was located beside Mr. Givens, the retired history teacher who lived somewhere in Mateo's apartment building, who invariably carried a folded newspaper under his arm and wore the same distinctive narrow-brimmed hat every single day. Mateo almost kept walking down the aisle and planned to stand instead near the back, but the bus driver suddenly lurched forward from the curb before he could complete his decision to move.

2 For the first several blocks they rode together in almost complete silence, lost in their separate thoughts. Then the bus slowed and stopped unexpectedly at a construction detour that diverted them from the normal route, and Mr. Givens glanced pensively out the window toward a vacant empty lot surrounded by chain-link fencing. *Used to be a music hall there*, he said quietly, pointing with one weathered finger. Mateo looked carefully, then looked again. All he could actually see was temporary fencing, heavy equipment, and a construction crane towering overhead. Yet over the next ten minutes of the journey, the old man methodically transformed block after block into an intricate sequence of vanished places from the past: a thriving bakery with fresh bread in the windows, a union office where workers gathered, a grand theater with an ornate marquee, a modest diner where jazz musicians once crowded into booths talking animatedly after late-night performances.

3 Mateo had walked those same streets and blocks for years without ever consciously wondering or questioning what had stood there before the contemporary glass storefronts, parking signs, and chain stores arrived. Suddenly he found himself asking questions he had not planned or expected to ask. Why did the theater close? What happened to the bakery business? Did anyone preserve photographs of these vanished places? Mr. Givens answered some of his questions directly and shrugged resignedly at others as if they were lost to time, but each answer and observation made the bus route feel progressively less ordinary and more historically meaningful.

4 When Mateo finally reached his stop, he hesitated uncertainly with one hand gripping the vertical pole. He almost thanked Mr. Givens sincerely for sharing the stories, but the single word *stories* felt much too small and inadequate for what had occurred. What Mr. Givens had actually offered was not mere sentimental nostalgia or wistfulness. It was concrete evidence that a city possessed hidden layers of meaning and history, and that truly noticing those layers required far more than simply passing through the streets without thought. As Mateo stepped down onto the sidewalk and the bus pulled away, the block appeared simultaneously the same as it had been before the conversation and yet completely, fundamentally altered in his perception of it.

5 The very next afternoon, Mateo deliberately brought a substantial notebook with him onto the bus, having made a conscious decision about what he wanted to do. He had no way of knowing whether Mr. Givens would actually be there, whether they would repeat the conversation, or whether the moment had been singular and unrepeatable. He only knew with certainty that he no longer wanted to ride through the city passively, as if it were two-dimensional and flat, without depth or history or meaning. He wanted genuinely to learn how to read the city in true depth, understanding the layers beneath the current surface.

Transfer

A route is never only a route.
It is what repeats until repetition looks invisible,
a map so familiar the eye stops asking questions.

Then someone points beyond the window
and the street unfolds a second language:

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