# 6 Maryland MCAP

# English Language Arts Practice Tests

for Grade 5

A Complete Guide to Building Math Mastery and Excelling on the Test



- Real Practice. Real Results.
- Small Steps, Big Gains!
- Practice Smart. Score Higher:
- Detailed Explanations
- Practice
- Master
- Achieve

Reza Nazari

Grade 5 · Maryland · MCAP

# 6 Maryland Grade 5
## English Language Arts (ELA)
## Practice Tests

---

Full-Length Practice for MCAP Preparation
and Academic Confidence

Reza Nazari

Copyrighted Material

Copyright © 2026

Effortless Math Education Inc

Published by Effortless Math Education
www.effortlessmath.com

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, distributed, or transmitted in any form or by any means, including photocopying, recording, or other electronic or mechanical methods, without the prior written permission of the author, except in the case of brief quotations embodied in critical reviews and certain other noncommercial uses permitted by copyright law, including Section 107 or 108 of the 1976 United States Copyright Act.

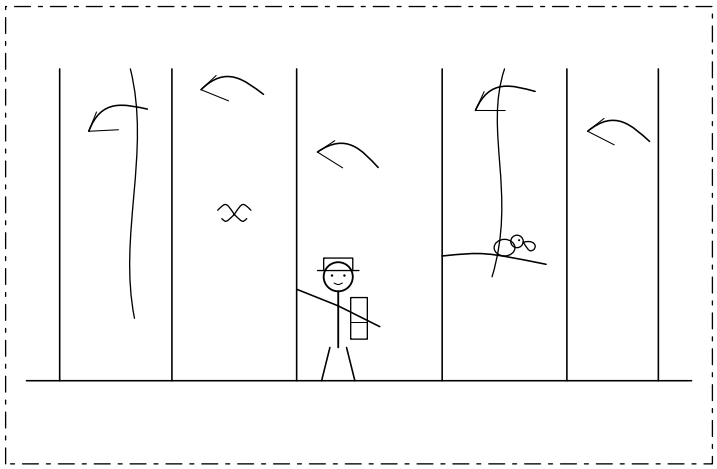
**This publication is independently produced and has no official connection to any state, district, or national testing program.**

**Test names and organizational names used herein are the property of their respective trademark holders.**

*Copyright © 2026*

Copyrighted Material

**Read the passage and the illustration below. Then answer questions 1–8.**



*A young explorer discovers the wonders of the rainforest*

## Journey Into the Rainforest

**1** Step inside a tropical rainforest and you step into another world. The air is thick and warm, heavy with the smell of wet earth and blossoming flowers. Sounds surround you from every direction—the screech of parrots, the chorus of insects, the drip of water from leaf to leaf. Rainforests cover only about six percent of Earth's land surface, yet they are home to more than half of the world's animal and plant species. Scientists call them "the lungs of the planet," and for good reason.

**Layers of Life**





Conflict? Win the read.

Scan Me

**2** A tropical rainforest is organized into four distinct layers, and each one is a world of its own. The *emergent layer* sits at the very top, where the tallest trees poke above the canopy, sometimes reaching 200 feet. Eagles and monkeys live here, riding the wind above the forest. Below that is the *canopy*—a dense roof of interlocking branches and leaves that blocks most sunlight from reaching lower levels. About 90 percent of rainforest animals live in the canopy. Lower still is the *understory*, where plants grow slowly in the dim light, and jaguars and tree frogs make their homes. Finally, the *forest floor* is nearly dark, covered in fallen leaves and roots, where fungi, ants, and the giant anteater search for food.

**Extraordinary Creatures**

**3** Rainforests burst with life that seems almost unbelievable. A single tree can host more than four hundred species of insects. The Amazon River, which flows through the South American rainforest, contains more species of fish than any river on Earth. Poison dart frogs, no larger than a human thumbnail, carry enough toxin to be dangerous to a large predator. The blue morpho butterfly, with wings as wide as a hand, shimmers like a flying jewel through the dim understory light.

**Why Rainforests Matter**

**4** Rainforests are called the "lungs of the planet" because their billions of trees absorb enormous amounts of carbon dioxide and release oxygen, helping regulate Earth's climate. They also play a critical role in the water cycle: trees absorb rain and release water vapor into the air, which eventually forms clouds and falls again as rain over a wide area. Many medicines used today were discovered in rainforest plants. Scientists estimate that fewer than one percent of rainforest plants have been tested for potential medicines.

**5** Tragically, rainforests are disappearing fast. Every year, an area of rainforest about the size of the state of Florida is cut down for farming, ranching, and logging. When a rainforest disappears, the species living in it can vanish forever. Conservation organizations are working with governments and local communities to protect remaining forests, plant new trees, and develop farming practices that do not require clearing the forest.

**6** Many scientists believe that what happens to the world's rainforests will determine much of Earth's environmental future. From the medicines we have not yet discovered to the climate we depend on, protecting these extraordinary forests is one of the most urgent challenges of our time.

---

Read this dictionary entry.

*distinct* *adjective*

1. clearly different and separate from others
2. easily seen or recognized
3. notably excellent or superior
4. officially recognized and named

**1)** Which meaning of the word *distinct* is used in paragraph 2?

(A) Definition 2
(B) Definition 3
(C) Definition 1
(D) Definition 4





Icy start? Scan for mugs.
Scan Me

**Read the poem. Then answer questions 15–16.**





Brisk robots?
Raise the bar.
Scan Me

## Before the Whistle

Before the whistle, every fear
lives in my chest like something real—
my knees are loose, my stomach turns,
I wonder what I'll feel

when I have run my whole heart out
and given everything inside,
and still the ball went somewhere wrong
despite how hard I tried.

But then the whistle blows. The world
becomes a field, a ball, my feet.
I forget the fear completely—
all I feel is fleet.

And whether I am star or shadow
on that field today,
the person I'll be proud of
is the one who chose to play.

So play. And if you stumble, good.
The stumble is the teacher.
Every fall brings you a step
closer to the bleacher.

Scan Me
Snappy edits? Name the noun.

**15)** What does the word *fleet* most likely mean in line 12?

(A) tired and heavy
(B) nervous and unsure
(C) strong and powerful
(D) fast and free-moving

*Use the poem "Before the Whistle" to answer this question.*

**16)** In lines 13–16, the speaker says they will be proud of "the one who chose to play." What does the speaker most likely mean?

(A) The decision to play at all— to show up despite fear—is itself an achievement worth being proud of.
(B) The speaker will feel proud only if their team wins the game.
(C) The speaker will only feel proud if they are the best player on the field.
(D) The speaker is angry that they have to play and is looking for an excuse to leave.

*Use the poem "Before the Whistle" to answer this question.*

**17)** Which sentence **best** describes how the speaker's feelings **change** from before the game starts to during the game?

(A) The speaker never notices any change because the poem does not mention feelings.
(B) Before the whistle the speaker is overwhelmed by fear and worry about failing; once play begins, fear fades and the speaker feels focused, quick, and free on the field.
(C) The speaker feels relaxed before the whistle and panicked only after the game ends.
(D) The speaker feels bored before the game and angry during it.


Icy keys? Hear the beat. Scan Me