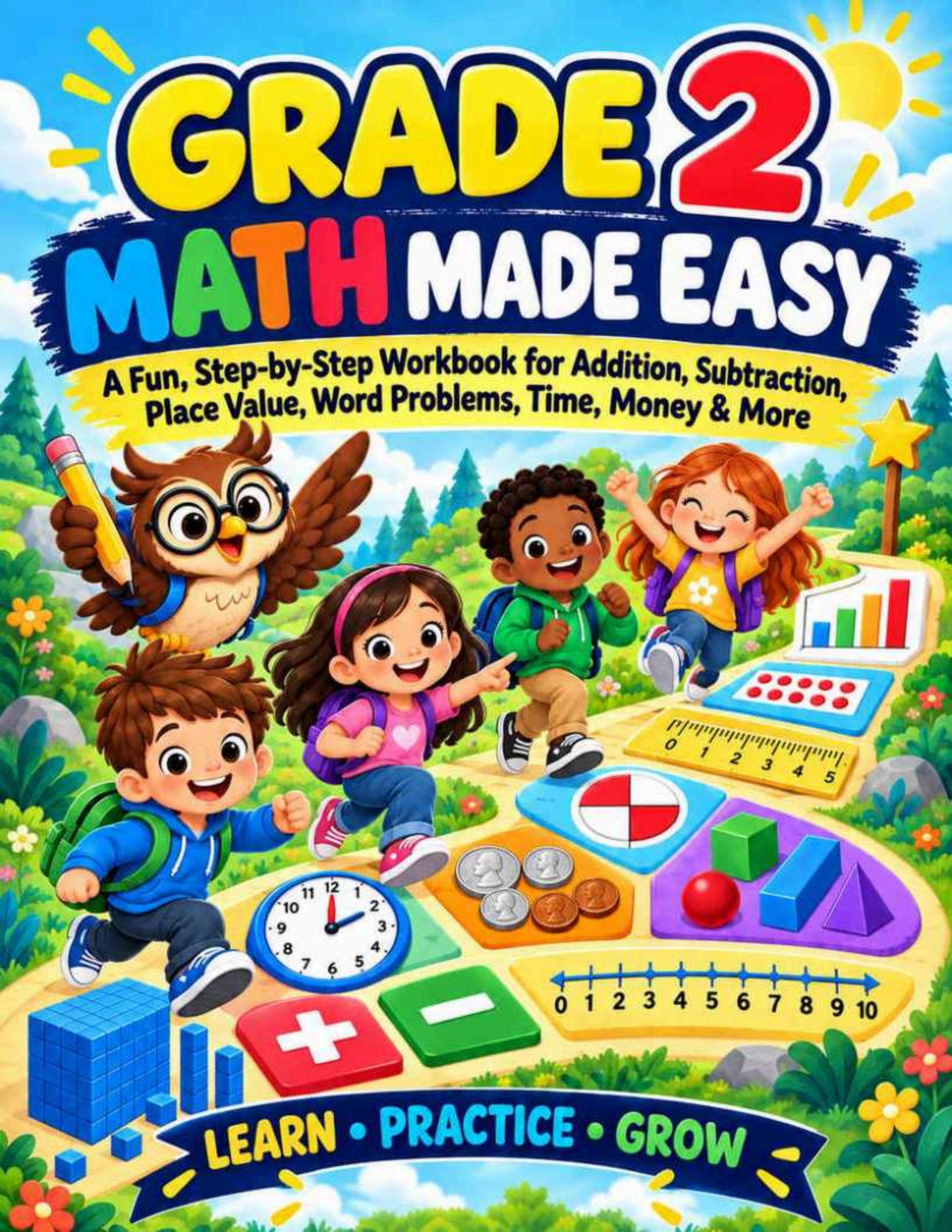
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A Fun, Step-by-Step Workbook for Addition, Subtraction, Place Value, Word Problems, Time, Money & More

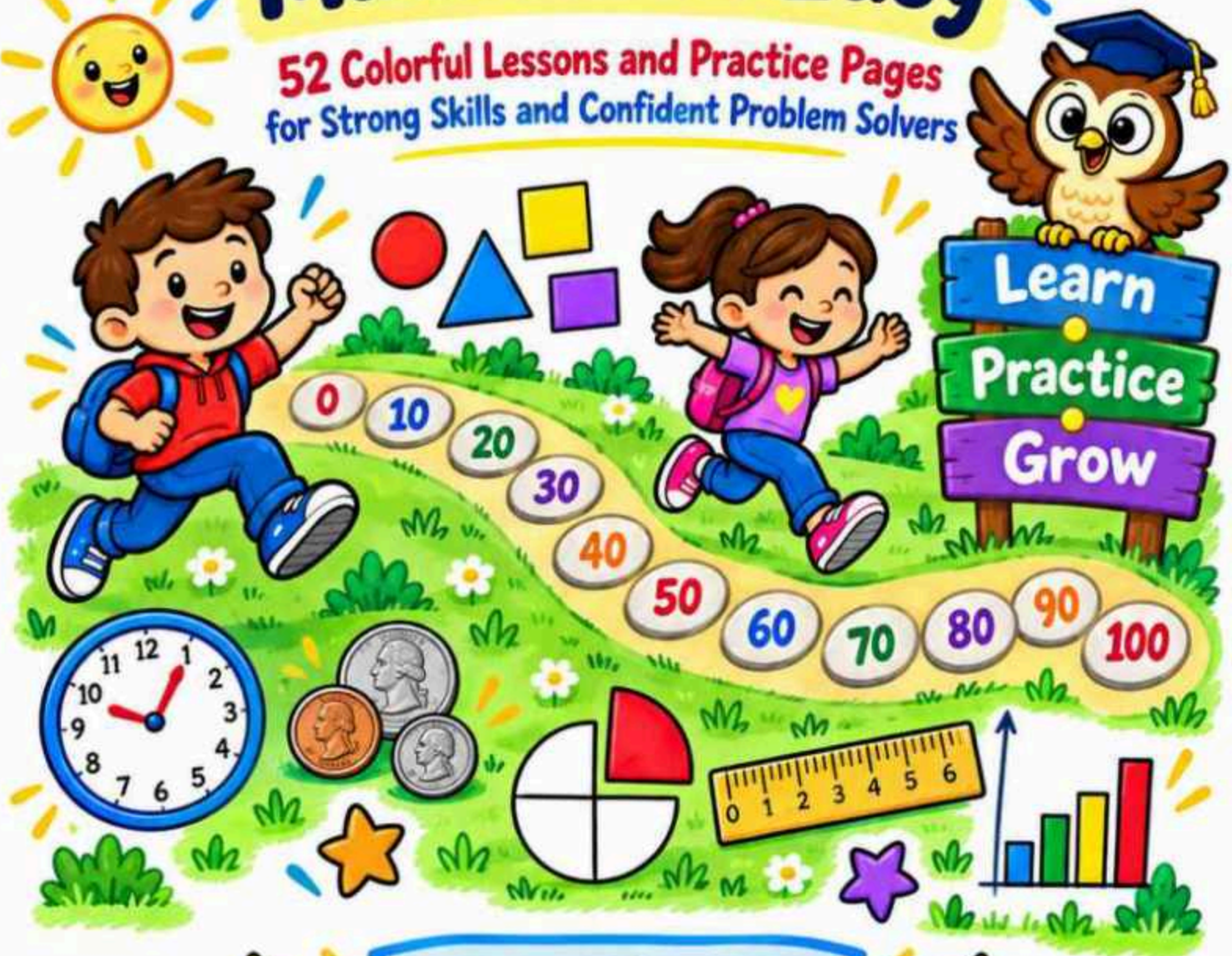


LEARN • PRACTICE • GROW

GRADE 2

Math Made Easy

52 Colorful Lessons and Practice Pages for Strong Skills and Confident Problem Solvers



Reza Nazari

Grade 2 Math Made Easy

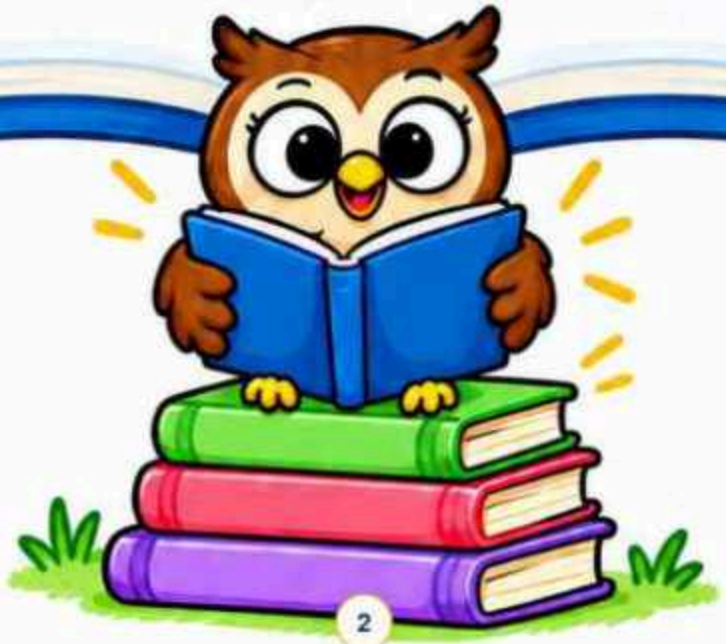
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Every effort has been made to present accurate, age-appropriate educational material. If you discover an error, please contact the publisher through EffortlessMath.com.



My Math Mission



This book belongs to:

_____

Math I already use

I use math when I...

_____

_____

One math skill I feel proud of is...

_____

_____

My goal

One thing I want to learn is...

_____

_____

When a problem feels tricky, I will...

_____

_____

Someone who can encourage me is...

_____

My promise

I will notice, think, try, check, and keep learning.

Signed: _____

Date: _____

I am ready for my math adventure!

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DISCOVER PRACTICE ACHIEVE!

MATH ADVENTURES NEVER END!

EffortlessMath.com

Counting and Skip Counting

Skip Counting by 5s



Every number ends in 0 or 5

5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40...

Skip Counting by 10s



The tens digit goes up by 1 each time

10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80...

Counting by 2s, 100s, and Backward

By 2s



Count each pair

2, 4, 6, 8, 10...



By 100s



The hundreds digit grows

100, 200, 300...



Backward



Count down instead of up

50, 40, 30, 20...



Remember!

Skip counting is just adding the SAME number over and over!

- **By 2s:** 2, 4, 6, 8, 10
- **By 5s:** 5, 10, 15, 20, 25
- **By 10s:** 10, 20, 30, 40, 50
- **By 100s:** 100, 200, 300, 400



"Skip counting is a shortcut for counting! Instead of counting every single thing, you jump ahead by the same amount each time."

Comparing and Ordering Numbers



Start at the Hundreds

H	T	O
4	6	3
4	2	8

same

6 beats 2

Hundreds match, so check the **tens.**

The Three Symbols

>	greater than
<	less than
=	equal to

The open side always faces the **bigger** number.



463 > 428

291 < 305 and 88 = 88

★ Comparing 384 and 359



1 Check the hundreds

3 = 3

They tie. Keep going.

2 Check the tens

8 > 5

8 tens beat 5 tens.

3 Write the symbol

384 > 359

Stop as soon as one wins.



Remember!

Compare from the **BIGGEST** place first, then move right!

- Hundreds first, then tens, then ones
- The open mouth faces the bigger number
- **Least to greatest** means small first
- **Greatest to least** means big first





"The greater-than sign is a hungry mouth, and it never nibbles the small snack. It always opens wide toward the bigger number!"

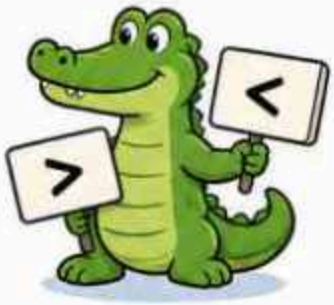


Comparing and Ordering Practice



Line up hundreds under hundreds. The first place that differs wins.

Write >, <, or = in each blank



1. 256 _____ 198
2. 471 _____ 479
3. 630 _____ 630
4. 805 _____ 850
5. 99 _____ 101
6. 517 _____ 509



Order from least to greatest

7. 327, 273, 372 _____, _____, _____
8. 640, 604, 460 _____, _____, _____
9. 185, 158, 815 _____, _____, _____

Order from greatest to least



10. 512, 521, 125 _____, _____, _____
11. 790, 907, 709 _____, _____, _____
12. 233, 323, 332 _____, _____, _____
13. 88, 880, 808 _____, _____, _____
14. 406, 460, 46 _____, _____, _____

Solve





15. Tariq collected 348 bottle caps. Rosa collected 384. Who collected more?

Answer: _____

16. Three classes read 215, 251, and 205 books. Write the smallest number.

Answer: _____

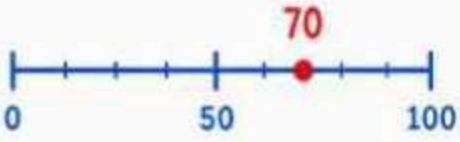
17. Lian says 99 is bigger than 102 because 9 is bigger than 1. Write the correct comparison.

Answer: _____

Numbers on a Number Line



Use Benchmarks



70 is past **50** but not yet **100**.

0, 50, and 100 are helpful marks

Name the Mystery Point



Count the jumps of **10** from 300.

Three jumps of 10, so the point is 330



Finding 65 on an Open Number Line

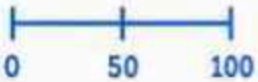


1 Mark the ends



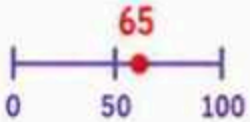
Start at **0**, end at **100**

2 Find the middle



50 sits halfway

3 Hop by tens



A bit past **50**



Remember!



On a number line, numbers grow as you move to the right!

- Check what each tick is worth first
- Use **0, 50, 100** as benchmarks
- Equal spaces mean equal jumps
- Left means **less**, right means **more**





"A number line is a sidewalk for numbers. Every number has its own square, and nobody is allowed to cut in line!"